

2025

M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination

APPLIED MATHEMATICS

Paper : MTMC401X1

[Measure Theory]

Full Marks : 25

Time : One Hour

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers
in their own words as far as practicable.*

Notations and symbols have their usual meanings.

Group - A

Answer any *two* questions : $2 \times 2 = 4$

1. Show that the set of all rational numbers is a null subset of $\mathbb{R}$. [CO1]

2. Let X be a measurable space and $\chi_E : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a measurable function, where

$\chi_E(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \in E \\ 0 & \text{if } x \notin E \end{cases}$. Is E a measurable set in X ? [CO1]

3. Define σ -algebra with an example. [CO1]

4. Define measure with an example. [CO1]

P.T.O.

(2)

Group - B

Answer any *two* questions :

4×2=8

5. Let μ be a measure on a σ -algebra $\mathfrak{M}$. Then show that $\mu(A_n) \rightarrow \mu(A)$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$ if $A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$, $A_n \in \mathfrak{M}$ and $A_1 \subset A_2 \subset A_3 \subset \dots$. [CO1]
6. Suppose $f: X \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ is measurable and $\phi(E) = \int_E f d\mu$ for every measurable set E in X . Show that ϕ is a measure and $\int g d\phi = \int gf d\mu$ for every measurable function g on X with range in $[0, \infty]$. [CO1]
7. Show that every bounded Riemann integrable function is Lebesgue integrable and the two integrals are equal in this case. [CO2]
8. Construct the Cantor set. Show that it is a null set. [CO1]

Group - C

Answer any *one* question :

8×1=8

9. (i) Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^p}$ if $0 < x \leq 1$ and $f(0) = 0$. Find necessary and sufficient condition on p such that $f \in L^1[0,1]$. Compute $\int_0^1 f(x) \lambda(x)$ in that case. [CO2]

- (ii) Let $f : X \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ be measurable, $E \in \mathfrak{M}$ and

$$\int_E f d\mu = 0. \text{ Show that } f = 0 \text{ a.e. on } E.$$

5+3 [CO2]

10. (i) Let s_1 and s_2 be nonnegative simple measurable functions on a measurable space X . Show that

$$\int_X (s_1 + s_2) d\mu = \int_X s_1 d\mu + \int_X s_2 d\mu. \quad [\text{CO2}]$$

- (ii) State Fatou's lemma. Give an example to show that strict inequality can occur in Fatou's lemma.

4+4 [CO2]

Internal Assessment : 5 marks
